ISSN: 2345-2897; Health Education and Health Promotion. 2019;7(3):103-104



Exercises Appropriate for Quality of Life of Patients Surviving Breast Cancer

ARTICLE INFO

ABSTRACT

This article has not abstract

Article Type Letter to Editor

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Keywords This article has not keyword

How to cite this article Pourhaji F, Ghofranipour F.A. Exercises Appropriate for Quality of Life of Patients Surviving Breast Cancer. Health Education and Health Promotion. 2019;7(3):103-104.

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Article History

Received: July 18, 2018 Accepted: January 27, 2019 ePublished: July 21, 2019

CITATION LINKS

[1] Health-related quality of life in breast cancer patients: A bibliographic review of the literature from 1974 to 2007 [2] Health literacy and breast cancer communication [3] The efficacy of exercise therapy in reducing shoulder pain related to breast cancer: A systematic review [4] Ensuring balance in national policies on controlled substances [Internet] [5] The relation between arm/shoulder problems and quality of life in breast cancer survivors: A cross-sectional and longitudinal study [6] Lymphedema and quality of life in breast cancer survivors: The Iowa Women's Health Study [7] Changes in arm morbidities and health-related quality of life after breast cancer surgery – a five-year follow-up study [8] Exercise for the patient after breast cancer surgery

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Exercises Appropriate for Quality of Life of Patients Surviving Breast Cancer

Dear editor,

One of the key concepts in behavioral science is the quality of life (QOL). Health-related quality of life is an important subject in breast cancer ^[1]. Breast cancer is the most frequently diagnosed disease in women, which is considered as the second cause of death ^[2].

Recent research has shown Surgery and radiotherapy in the treatment of breast cancer cause pain in the arm, shoulder and chest area in 30-50% of patients, Lymphedema %15-25%, Limited range of motion of the shoulder in %35 of patients that continue 3-5 years after treatment ^[3].

According to WHO, more than 5 million patients with cancer every year have moderate to severe pain due to insufficient access to pain medicines. Breast cancer pain includes treatment-related pain (eg, post-surgery pain and lymphedema pain), nonspecific pain related to long-term complications and site-specific metastatic-disease related pain (eg, bone pain and bowel obstruction)^[4].

One of the issues affecting the quality of life of patients with breast cancer is arm/ shoulder problems (ASPs)^[5].

ASPs are defined as restricted shoulder mobility, lymphedema, and arm or shoulder pain which is the common problem among breast cancer survivors ^[6]. The research has shown that ASPs significantly contribute to patients' poor quality of life ^[7]. Above all, studies on QOL can further indicate the directions needed for more efficient treatment of cancer patients. The complications resulted from surgery includes pain, hematoma, seroma, surgical site infection. The results of research suggest that a complex exercise program would be useful to recover shoulder range of motion and pain in women with breast cancer. Therefore, to improve quality of life of women with breast cancer, they should be encouraged to play an active part in their improvement; on the other hand, postoperative exercises can help decrease the negative effects of complications in their quality of life ^[8].

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